

The MAP MEMO

ELECTRONIC WEEKLY NEWSLETTER OF THE MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION OF THE PHILIPPINES

VOLUME 9 ISSUE NO. 10

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March 7, 2023

"MAPping the Future" column in INQUIRER

"A SOCIAL ROLE FOR BUSINESS IN

THE POST-COVID ERA

Implications for Business Strategy and

Management Education"

February 27 and March 7, 2023



Dr. NICETO "Nick" S. POBLADOR, Ph.D.

(2nd of 2 Parts)

Proposed Program Format

To make management practice and the training of managers more attuned to the times, we propose instead the following list of courses to form part of our recommended program format:

- Introductory courses
 - BUSINESS AND SOCIETY A description of an innovative approach to management by which firms pursue their traditional goal of profit

maximization by creating value for ALL their stakeholders – their customers, their workers, their business partners, and the communities of which they are a part.

 CURRENT ISSUES IN BUSINESS AND MANAGEMENT – A discourse on economic and business topics relating to current global trends and developments, such as isolationism among nations, political polarization within nations, global warming, rapidly evolving technologies, the coronavirus pandemic, and the Ukraine war and other conflicts; a discussion of what

(continued on page

2)



"MAP Insights" column in BUSINESSWORLD "Nature's Bridge to 21st C. Education" March 7, 2023

Dr. FEDERICO "Poch" M. MACARANAS, PhD.

new age of leadership is upon us
-- starting from the 9/11 World
Trade Center bombing, the
global financial crisis of 2009, the
COVID pandemic, to the
networked disinformation amidst the looming
geo-political and -economic divides -confronting every human with great uncertainty.
(Not to speak of Nature's own reminder - that
climate change and earthquakes are still part of
our reality.)

Not all people can solve those existential problems – but educating humans to be closer to each other as humans is a step forward, by bridging divides of ages, races, organizations, nations, and positions to make sense of a chaotic world.

Swarm Leadership

Thus, we see the rise of the responsive leader who "connects everyone to collaborate so we learn

(continued on page 3)

"A SOCIAL ROLE FOR BUSINESS IN THE POST-COVID ERA" . . .

(from page 1)

these imply for business strategy and economic policy.

- A GENERAL THEORY OF THE FIRM –
 An overview of alternative concepts of
 the firm from the perspectives of
 neoclassical economics, behavioral
 theories of the firm, structural
 functionalism, social Darwinism and
 complexity theory.
- Basic courses a breakdown of Stakeholder Strategy into its four basic components, aka Environment, Social and Governance, or ESG, Investing.
 - Strategies for creating consumer value
 - Strategies for creating worker value
 - Strategies for creating value of business partners
 - Strategies for creating value for the community

Electives

- KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT –
 Classification and properties of
 knowledge, network effects, the
 Learning Organization
- THE ORGANIZATION OF PRODUCTION
 1 The boundaries of the firm vertical and horizontal dimensions.
- THE ORGANIZATION OF PRODUCTION
 2 The digital platform business model, extended value networks (aka supply chains), Value Capture Theory
- BIG DATA ANALYTICS: An Introduction
- The capstone strategy course -
 - BUSINESS STRATEGY IN THE POST-COVID ERA – A discussion of how stakeholder strategy can help achieve the U.N. Sustainable Development Goals; illustrative business cases.

A distinctive feature of this program is its focus on the interest of ALL stakeholder rather than the exclusive concern for profit or shareholder wealth.

Directions for curricular reform

To make business more inclusive and more egalitarian, we propose that management courses and programs should be revised to give more emphasis on the creation and utilization of **Human Capital**, today's most important resource, and of which knowledge is a major component, and less on physical and financial

capital. Knowledge is more readily and more cheaply available to the economically disadvantaged members of society, including the unemployed, manual workers and street vendors, who are among the poorest of the poor.

We also suggest that greater importance should be given to the training of workers, individual entrepreneurs and managers of SMEs which comprise the majority of productive enterprises in the country and employ the larger majority of workers, and less on the development of managerial and technical skills of future executives of large corporate entities.

Finally, we recommend a number of guidelines in the implementation of our proposed curriculum:

- Design basic courses around broad strategic objectives and general problem areas and those that stress the ability to deal holistically with wide-ranging, inter-related issues, rather than the computational skills required to "solve" isolated and well-defined problems.
- Develop elective courses that focus on behavioral and relational skills that enable organizational leaders to build cohesive, adaptive and productive organizations.
- Eschew long-standing "management principles" and so-called "best practices" that are of little usefulness in specific contexts.
- Stress ingenuity, adaptability and flexibility as opposed to strict adherence to rules, procedures, plans and programs.

Caveat

We fully realize that pulling off our recommendations for curricular reform is easier said than done. There are a number of reasons for being less than sanguine:

- Change tends to be resisted by incumbents whose interests lie in the status quo.
- Change is resisted if externally imposed (not made here mindset)
- Change must be tied to the institution's performance evaluation and reward system in order to encourage position holders to cooperate in its implementation.

But change we must. It's about time!

(The article reflects the personal opinion of the author and does not reflect the official stand of the Management Association of the Philippines or MAP. The author is a Retired Professor of Economics and Management at UP Diliman. Feedback at <map@map.org.ph> and <nspoblador@gmail.com>).

"Nature's Bridge to 21st C. Education"...

(from page 1)

from each other in quickly adapting to fast-changing situations" -- rather than those who are plainly relational by engaging the follower with his/her own skills and traits, or the directive leader who shows his/her own way. Nor the charismatic one who asks others to gaze at a person to inspire them.

These are labels, respectively, of Leadership 4.0, 3.0, 2.0, and 1.0. by Richard Kelly, Swarm Leadership and the Fourth Industrial Revolution (Palgrave: 2019)

Leadership 4.0 sees leaders as part of a swarm: a leader who connects others, as in a swarm of locusts, bees, termites, and ants that find themselves in self-organizing communities; wired across cultures, disciplines, and fields; agile, thanks to networked intelligence. A leader who rethinks power as "achievable through people rather than over people" (Peter Miller, Smart Swarm, 2010). One who harnesses the networks of its own members, and thus sees their organization as a network of networks, not fearful of doing everything by oneself.

No organization, not even one that represents the elite of any group by any metric - political parties, economic groups, social clubs, or technological entities - will survive the 21st C. without loosening organizational hierarchies. The V formation of flying geese has no single leader; when one is up front, one has to work the hardest because of wind resistance.

Reforming Education

One of the "new" issues that has attracted enterprise leaders of the country is the mismatch between what industry needs and what schools offer. Rather than line up for a job, college graduates are admonished to create them to help solve the country's endemic underemployment and severe unemployment problems. Many bright ones vote with their feet for greener pastures elsewhere.

Is the trifocal structure of Philippine education the problem? Or is that merely a manifestation of the deep underlying cultural legacy of geography – an archipelagic mindset, amidst water in the ring of fire, and a Latin feudal economy in burgeoning Asia?

Can education leaders and reformers learn from Nature? Can we be connected even as we are geographically divided? Vision/mission

statements abo 2 Commitments, abilities, and willingness however do not come in the same proportions, heavily weighted towards promises until deaths do the parting.

Why not study a collective scenario of doomsday, or how to forestall it? Huddled polar bears in freezing Arctic weather take turns moving inwards around a circle - in a slow dance to redistribute warmth within a group. Will the old and nouveau rich of the country be able to do the same for the poor amidst them? Some cynics will say, "but we are in the global warming stage!"

The dark side of crowds...

The dark side of crowds is how Peter Miller (Smart Swarm: Using Animal Behaviour to Change our World, Collins: 2010) saw the February 4, 2006 stampede in the PhilSports Arena. Wowowee, the popular television game show was taping for its first anniversary program. It lured crowds of over thirty thousand people in the stadium for only about seventeen thousand – on promises of minibuses, a home, and a million peso jackpot.

Even before the gates opened, Miller narrates how the crowd of "hungry and sleepless" people scrambled, upon hearing a spokesperson allegedly announce "that only the first three hundred people with tickets would be eligible to compete for the million-peso prize." As "hope and dreams of getting rich would vanish" if they would not be among the first to enter the stadium, people pushed from the back, caused a barricade to collapse, and unnerved the guards who instinctively closed the gate.

People behind, unaware of what was transpiring, ended up in a frenzy as an energized throng. The surging crowd and the steep incline toward the gate resulted in the crushing death of seventy-four people, mostly older women, and hundreds injured.

Miller notes two guides for preventing tragedies: restraining crowd behavior through information for "individuals to maintain personal control," and keeping people density below critical levels. These are as useful for any structure, or even in urban planning and population programs. He adds how healthy markets likewise require information. "When investors give up personal judgment in favor of following a crowd's whim, they disconnect a market from critical information."

... and the wisdom of "smart groups"

resilience and flexibility of swarms, flocks, herds, colonies, and schools result from how interaction is managed. Hence, education systems can focus on how to reduce the VUCA aspects of 21st C. life through problem-solving groups, as in small learning teams in the case study approach, or huge ones like those who contribute to Wikipedia.

What determines the size of "smart groups"? Both the magnitude of the problem and the way groups are structured. In the case of a more massive challenge, e.g., in reforming the learning skills and competencies in general or teacher education in the Philippines, a solution is combining liberal arts with science (or STEM courses) -- the same prescription that Albert Einstein promoted for learning in the last millennium.

The mechanisms to manage interactions include (1) local knowledge with a diversity of information, (2) heuristics or rules of thumb to minimize computational requirements, (3) repeated interaction within teams and "quorum thresholds" for wiser decisions, and (4) "a healthy dose of randomness in individual behaviors."

Miller's second learning from smart swarms is for individuals to bring ideas to the table in their true authentic selves, not blindly copying others, ready to agree or disagree, competing as well as cooperating (co-opetition). He concludes, "the best way to serve the group, it turns out, is to be true to ourselves."

All these are from animal behaviour with which humans can instinctually change the world.

(This article reflects the personal opinion of the author and does not reflect the official stand of the Management Association of the Philippines or MAP. The author is the Chair of the MAP Education Committee. He is a Retired Full Professor and an Adjunct Faculty at the Asian Institute of Management. Feedback at <map@map.org.ph> and <fmmacaranas@gmail.com>.)

Thus, working with others in "smart groups" is Miller's first lesson from swarms in nature. Taking the cue from biology, he notes that the

How to leave your competition standing in the rain-and have fun doing it

fortune of interacting with or advising.

This also applies to their performance. They do not tolerate problems in their own performance and constantly analyze themselves by asking; How can I perform better? This is an obsession of the world's top CEOs, especially billionaire entrepreneurs. They embody and personify excellence and high standards. This is why they are never satisfied.



TOM OLIVER

"Soft' culture is hurting you
What does it mean in practice to have high standards? It
means to hold ourselves and
each other accountable to do
what we said we would do by the
time we said the word of
when it comes to dealing with
problems. They may shrug
problems off with the words,
well, it's not a biggie. We will
do hetter next time." Or they
problems off with the words,
well, it's not a biggie.
Well, it's a one-off,"
without having made an actaula analysis of that or without having the proper data to
draw that conclusion. Or the
say, "We do not want to have
any conflict, so let us just wait
and see if this resolves itself."
It ner does
The fear of conflict in the
regions are the said of
the said of the said with
the said of the said with
her accountable or
problems and to leave the said when
you do not even hold each
other accountable for problems and tolerate them? Not
possible.

How to turn your

derstand that any type of prob-lem needs to be analyzed con-cerning the question, "Is this a

one-off or is this a symptom of an underlying recurring issue or challenges? In other words of consequences? None.

Of course, the reason for this is clear; you want to know as fast as possible, especially if you are the one sitting at the top, if there is a bigger problem that needs fixing, You can only know that if someone keeps tracking the problems arcays the entire or ganization and analyzes if there are recurring problems or patterns that need to be addressed.

If you do not have a single person or team in your organization who is too-percent dedicated to that, that I strongly recommend that you have at least one person in every business unit or department who wears that hat. If you don't, then some of the biggest elephants in the room may go by completely unnear the problems are patterns of supporting companies in southeast Asia and the problems or patterns that need to be addressed.

If you don't, then some of the control of the problems or patterns that the problems or patterns that need to be addressed.

If you don't, then some of the control of the problems or patterns that the problems or patterns that need to be addressed.

If you don't, then some of the problems or patterns that need to be addressed.

If you don't, then some of the problems or patterns that the major goals, not attained. The nonequences? None.

WFWS

If you mark the the major in minor things that it is good to trust, but it is before the top the problems or patterns that the major maintain pagement or where the problems or patte

The best-performing companies in the world have an extremely low tolerance for problems.

The best insurance policy

• The best insurance policy to beat your competition is to enforce very high standards.
• You cannot create a high-performing company by tolerating weak links. High standards have to run through your organization like a red thread.
• People need to hold them-

 People need to hold them-People need to not themselves and each other accountable to do what they said they would do by the time they said they would do it.

If you major in minor things, you will never ever make it to the big leagues. Buy





A social role for business in the post-COVID era; *Implications for business strategy and management education (Part 2)*

(Conclusion)

o make management practice and the training of managers more attuned to the times, we propose the following list of courses to form part of our recommended program format.

For introductory courses, we propose:

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MAPPING THE FUTURE

NICETO S. POBLADOR

these imply for business strategy and economic policy.

• A general theory of the firm: An overview of alternative concepts of the firm from the perspectives of neoclassical economics, behavioral theories of the firm, structural functionalism, social Darwinism and complexity theory.

For basic courses, we propose a breakdown of stakeholder strategy into its four basic components, a.k.a. environment, social and governance or ESG investing,

Strategies for creating consumer value

Strategies for creating value of business partners
Strategies for creating value of business partners
Strategies for creating value for the community
For electres, we suggest:
Knowledge management classification and properties of knowledge, network effects and the learning organization
The organization of production: The boundaries of the firm—vertical and horizontal dimensions.
The organization of productions are the control of the firm—vertical and horizontal dimensions.

The organization of productions are the control of the firm—vertical and horizontal dimensions.

The organization of productions are the control of the firm—vertical and horizontal dimensions. worker value

• Strategies for creating value of business partners

• Strategies for creating value for the community

For electives, we suggest:

• Knowledge management classification and properties of knowledge, network effects and the learning organization

• The organization of production:

• Design basic courses finds the implementation of our proposed that management the implementation of our proposed curriculum:

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We fully realize that pullings off our recommendations of our curricular reform is easier said than done. There are a number of reasons for being, less than sanguine. Change tends to be resisted by incumbents whose interests lie in the status quo. Change is resisted if externally imposed (not made here mindoset). Change must be tied to the institution's performance evaluation and reward system in order to encourage position holders to cooperate in its implementation.

But change we must. It's







Inflation, government spending and borrowings

MY CUP OF LIBERTY

PHL government cash operations report (COR), outstanding public debt. and Debt/GDP ratio

324.10 324.10 3,159.6 3,274.9 1,103.3 502.90
324.10 5,159.6 5,274.9 1,103.3
5,159.6 1,274.9 1,103.3
,274.9
1103.3
02.90
1,614.1
966.4
2022
3,817.9
3,418.9
399
1,414.2
403.7
2022*
141.1
69.6
61.5
59.3
40.9
40.2

milation rate, 70									
Country	January only			Year's Peak		Highest	Years		
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	since	high	
US	2.5	1.4	7.5	6.4	7 .	9.1	1981	41	
Canada	2.4	1.0	5.1	5.9	4.8	8.1	1982	40	
Russia	2.4	5.2	8.7	11.8	8.4	17.8	2002	20	
UK	1.8	0.7	5.5	10.1	5.4	11.3	1981	41	
Italy	0.5	0.4	4.8	10.1	3.9	.11.8	1984	38	
Germany	1.7	1.2	4.9	8.7	4.9	10.4	1952	70	
France	1.5	0.6	2.9	6.0	2.8	6.2	1985	37	
India	7.6	4.1	6.0	6.5	6.3	7.8	2014	8	
South Korea	1.2	0.9	3.6	5.2	3.8	6.3	1998	24	
Japan	0.7	-0.7	0.5	4.3	0.8	4.0	1981	41	
Talwan	1.9	-0.2	2.8	3.0	2.8	3.6	2008	14	
China	5.4	-0.3	0.9	21	2.3	2.8	2020	2	
Philippines	2.9	3.7	3.0	8.7	4.4	8.1	2008	14	
Singapore	0.8	0.2	4.0	6.6	4.0	7.5	2008	14	
Indonesia	2.7	1.6	. 2.2	5.3	1.9	6.0	2015	7	
Thailand	1.0	-0.3	3.2	5.0	3.4	7.9	2008	14	
Vietnam	6.4	-1.0	1.9	4.9	. 29	4.4	2020	2	
Malaysia	1.6	-0.2	2.3	3.7	4.7	4.7	2021	1	
SOURCES: TRADING	ECONOMICS: YEA	RS HIGH ARE AUT	NUO SCEECHCHA		-	-6.5	2021		

BusinessWorld



together with







presents this Roundtable discussion with

DR. ARSENIO M. BALISACAN SECRETARY NATIONAL ECONOMIC AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Regional
Comprehensive
Economic Partnership
(RCEP): What's in
store for us?

22 MARCH 2023

(WEDNESDAY) AT 1:00PM VIA ZOOM





MAP General Membership Meeting

Current State of Philippine Transport

A Project of MAP Infrastructure Committee

April 12, 2023, Wednesday 11:30 AM to 2:00 PM Bonifacio Hall, Level 4 Shangri-La The Fort



Speaker

Secretary JAIME "Jimmy" J. BAUTISTA

Department of Transportation (DOTr)

Registration Fee	es:
MAP Member	FREE
Guest	P2,000 each



MAP Circular 011 - 2023

SAVE THE DATE REGISTER EARLY Leading In the Age of Unlimited Possibilities 2023 MAP International CEO Conference **TRANSITION SERIES 2**

Tuesday 12 September 2023 Shangri-La at the Fort

Are Filipinos too selfish?"

from MAP Governor CIELITO "Ciel" F. HABITO's "No Free Lunch" Column in the PHILIPPINE DAILY INQUIRER on March 7, 2023

Are we Filipinos generally more self-centered and selfish than other Asians? Is this a cultural flaw of ours that has kept our country from progressing at the same pace that most of our neighbors have done over the past decades?

A friend who was in the business of manufacturing wooden butcher-block knife holders once told me of his experience when he received a large order from overseas that he couldn't possibly service within the time frame specified by the foreign buyer. Knowing who his direct competitors were, he invited them to team up with him in order to meet the volume needed within the required time. Not one was willing. All seemed to prefer going about their business on their own terms, "kanya-kanya (to each his own)" style. That was a major export opportunity lost, which easily could have led to more subsequent orders, sustained business, and possibly even wider opportunities—if only those firms had agreed to band together as a team.

In the 1990s, as head of the National Economic and Development Authority, I was asked by President Fidel V. Ramos to receive a visiting delegation from Harvard Medical School (maybe because he knew I studied at Harvard). The group was here to scout for an institutional partner for a teaching hospital and must have Harvard recognized Filipino medical practitioners as among the best in the world. Thus, our country seemed a logical place in which to establish their brand in So I helped them with leads and introductions to possible local partners. Months later, I learned that we lost them to Singapore, which, I was told, rolled out the red carpet and even offered building space. Informally, I heard that they supposedly got turned off that among the first questions they consistently faced in their meetings here was "What's in it for me/us?" I could only shake my head in dismay.

In our troubled agriculture sector, among the most crucial needs is to consolidate operations of our small and highly fragmented farms into cooperatives operating as commercial entities, to gain higher productivity with economies of scale.

Our neighbors have had great success with farmers' cooperatives, yet the track record in the Philippines has been spotty. Why do too many of our coops fail? The all-too-common story is that someone ran away with the money.

Last week, we heard of airport security personnel stealing money and valuables from a a Chinese tourist. commented that with one act of thievery, these individuals managed to put to naught billions of pesos invested by our Department of Tourism to attract foreign visitors to the country. One can only wish that thieves like these among us would think more and know the much larger harm they are doing to fellow Filipinos, well beyond their direct victims. The same goes for the mastermind in the killing of Negros Oriental Gov. Roel Degamo, or those behind trading cartels who inflict suffering on millions of consumers by manipulating commodity supplies to fabulous profits for themselves.

Unpatriotic acts don't only come from criminals, but also from bureaucrats in the national and local governments who seem to delight in throwing as many hurdles as they can in the way of getting something from the government. My pet peeve is those offices with "development" in their name, but whose primary (and seemingly favorite) function is regulation, ticking boxes in long checklists of documentary requirements that are often redundant, superfluous, or unnecessary. One gets the feeling that their brains are programmed to think of more obstacles they could throw in your way, rather than help enable enterprises or initiatives that pursue the common good.

Will our seemingly ingrained selfishness and lack of regard for the common good ever change? Are we forever condemned to the "damaged culture" that James Fallows graphically described in his 1987 The Atlantic article? Our hope lies in our children and youth, in whom must be instilled the critical value of going beyond one's self (as embodied in the Ateneo de Manila University's vision and mission statement), and becoming a person for others, seeking not just the good, but the greater good.

cielito.habito@gmail.com

MAP Talks on Youtube

March 8, 2023 MAP General Membership Membership Meeting (GMM) on International Women's Day



February 8, 2023 MAP Economic Briefing and General Membership Meeting (GMM)



November 22, 2022 MAP Annual General Membership Meeting and "MAP Management Man of the Year 2022" Awarding Ceremony



January 31, 2023 MAP Inaugural Meeting 2023 and Induction of MAP 2023 Board of Governors



75th MAP Inaugural Meeting 2023

Guest Speaker and Inducting Officer
Chief Justice ALEXANDER G. GESMUNDO
Supreme Court of the Philippines

November 11, 2022 3rd MAP NextGen Conference 2022



September 13, 2022 MAP International CEO Hybrid Conference



August 19, 2022 MAP GMM



July 1, 2022 MAP Webinar



May 19, 2022 MAP GMM

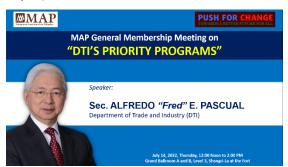
October 13, 2022 MAP GMM



September 8, 2022 MAP - PMAP Joint GMM



July 14, 2022 MAP GMM



June 23, 2022 MAP GMM



May 2, 2022 MAP Webinar







April 29, 2022 MAP Webinar



Happy Birthday to the following MAP Members who are celebrating their birthdays within March 2023

MARCH 1

1. Arch. BENJAMIN "Bing" S. AVILA

Principal Architect, Avila Architect

2. Atty. RAYMUND JOSEPH IAN "Raji" O. MENDOZA

Managing Partner, Mendoza Calnea Mangundayao and Associates

3. Atty. EDUARDO "Ed" M. PANGAN

Partner, Mendoza and Pangan Law Offices

4. Mr. PHILIP G. SOLIVEN

Vice Chair, Multico Prime Power Inc.

MARCH 2

5. Mr. EDMUN H. LIU

Chief Finance Officer, LH Paragon Group of Companies

6. Mr. FAUSTO R. PREYSLER JR.

President and Chair, Smith Bell Corporation

7. Mr. SIMPLICIO "Jun" P. UMALI JR.

President and General Manager, Gardenia Bakeries (Phils.), Inc.

MARCH 3

8. Ms. MELESA "Elsie" D. CHUA

President and CEO, CDC Quadrillion

9. Mr. JUAN CARLOS "Carlos" G. DEL ROSARIO

Chair Emeritus, Amalgamated Investment Bancorporation

10. Mr. ENRIQUE "Ricky" K. RAZON JR.

Chair and President, ICTSI (International Container Terminal Services, Inc.)

MARCH 4

11. Mr. WILLIAM N. CHUA CO KIONG

President, Wills International Sales and Corporation

12. Ms. GENEROSA "Gigi" PIO DE RODA REYES

President and CEO, FPG Insurance Co., Inc.

MARCH 5

13. Mr. TEOFILO "Pilo or Theo" S. EUGENIO

Former President, Asia Pacific Chartering Phil., Inc.

14. Mr. CONRADO "Conrad" G. MARTY

Vice Chair, Hyundai Asia Resources Inc.

15. Mr. EDWIN "Ed" V. MATULIN

SVP and Board Director, Synchrony Global Services Philippines, Inc.

MARCH 6

16. Mr. ALOYSIUS "Nonoy" B. COLAYCO

Country Chair, Jardine Matheson Group of Companies - Philippines

17. Mr. ALFREDO "AI" S. PANLILIO

President and CEO, PLDT and Smart Communications, Inc.

18. Mr. JAIME AUGUSTO "Jaime" ZOBEL DE AYALA II

Chair, Ayala Corporation

MARCH 7

19. Mr. REYNALDO "Rey" C. CENTENO

8President and CEO, General Life Assurance Philippines, Inc.

20. Cong. FELICITO "Tong" C. PAYUMO

Chair, University of Nueva Caceres

MARCH 8

21. Mr. VITALIANO "Lanny" N. NAÑAGAS II

MARCH 9

22. Ms. MARIE KIMBERLY "Kim" S. BENEDICTO

COO, CLB Engineering and Supply, Inc.

23. Ms. CORAZON "Cora" S. DE LA PAZ BERNARDO

Honorary President (former President - 2004 to 2010), International Social Security Association

24. Atty. ARNEL PACIANO "Arnel" D. CASANOVA

25. Engr. WILFREDO "Will" L. DECENA

CEO, Will Decena & Associates, Inc.

26. Mr. JEFFREY "Jeff" O. TARAYAO

President, One Meralco Foundation

MARCH 10

27. Ms. HAIDEE C. ENRIQUEZ

MARCH 11

28. Atty. ARNEL JOSE "Arnel" S. BAÑAS

Deputy Secretary for Administration and Financial Services, Senate of the Philippines

29. Mr. RAINERIO "Bong" M. BORJA

President, Alorica

30. Mr. EDUARDO "Ed" V. FRANCISCO

President and CEO, BDO Capital & Investment Corp.

31. Mr. ALDIE P. GARCIA

Assurance Partner, Isla Lipana & Co./ PwC Philippines

32. Ms. CIELITO "Cielo" L. GARRIDO

CEO, San Dionisio Credit Cooperative

33. Mr. DEXTER CHUA LEE

Chief Strategy and Planning Officer, Philippine Airlines (PAL)

34. Atty. MARIA LOURDES "Malou" P. LIM

Vice Chair and Tax Managing Partner, Isla Lipana & Co./ PwC Philippines

MARCH 12

35. Mr. RENE D. ALMENDRAS

President & CEO, AC Infrastructure Holdings Corporation

36. Mr. DANTE FRANCIS "Klink" M. ANG II

Executive Editor, President and CEO, The Manila Times

37. Mr. RODRIGO "Rod" E. FRANCO

President and CEO, Metro Pacific Tollways Corporation

38. Mr. FRANCISCO "Kaiku" H. LICUANAN III

Chair, Geostate Development Corporation

MARCH 13

39. Mr. ROLANDO "Rolly" S. NARCISO

Independent Director, Wilcon Depot, Inc.

MARCH 14

40. Dr. CYNTHIA R. MAMON

COO, Enchanted Kingdom, Inc.

41. Mr. JOSE "Joe" R. SOBERANO III

President and CEO, Cebu Landmasters, Inc.

42. Mr. FERNANDO ZOBEL DE AYALA

Advisor to the Board, Ayala Corporation

43. Ms. ANNA JERMAINE "Jermaine" V. BOMBASI

Managing Director, Empire Centre for Regenerative Medicine

MARCH 22

45. Mr. ROLAND ENRIC L. DELA CRUZ

Vice Chair, ANR Unlimited MPC

46. Mr. ROLANDO "Rolly" A. JAURIGUE

ButterflyHouse at KM 89 Garden

MARCH 16

47. Arch. FELINO "Jun" A. PALAFOX JR.

Founder, President and Principal Architect - Urban Planner, Palafox Associates

MARCH 17

48. Ms. COSETTE V. CANILAO

President and CEO, Aboitiz InfraCapital, Inc.

49. Dr. CORAZON "Cora" PB. CLAUDIO

Convenor- Chair, Climate Action and Sustainability Alliance (CASA)

50. Mr. RENATO "Rene" A. FLORENCIO

Chair, GolconDIA Jewelry and TechnoMarine

51. Dr. NICETO "Nick" S. POBLADOR

Retired Professor of Economics and Management, University of the Philippines

MARCH 18

52. Mr. LEANDRO "Lean" L. LEVISTE

Founder and President, Solar Philippines

MARCH 19

53. Mr. ARTHUR "Art" N. AGUILAR

President, Negros Island Biomass Holdings, Inc.

54. Mr. JOSE "Joe" P. BANTILING

CEO, Trends and Concepts Total Interior Solutions, Inc.

55. Mr. RAUL JOSEPH "Jojo" A. CONCEPCION

President and CEO, Concepcion-Carrier Air Conditioning Company

56. Consul Gen. M. ISSAM "Sam" ELDEBS

President and CEO, DSE Connect Corporation

57. Mr. RENATO "Rene" C. VALENCIA

Chair, OmniPay, Inc.

MARCH 20

58. Mr. ALEXANDER "Alex" M. GENIL

President and CEO, ZMG Ward Howell

59. Mr. JOSE MARCEL "Jocel" E. PANLILIO

Chair and CEO, Boulevard Holdings

60. Sr. ZETA R. RIVERO, SPC

CEO, Perpetual Succour Hospital of Cebu, Inc.

61. Mr. FREDRICK "Rick" M. SANTOS

Chair and CEO, Santos Knight Frank Inc.

62. Mr. MICHAEL "Mike" G. TAN

COO, Asia Brewery Incorporated

63. Dr. REYNALDO "Rey" B. VEA

President and CEO, Mapua University

MARCH 21

64. Atty. WALTER L. ABELA, JR.

Partner and Head, Tax and Corporate Services, Navarro Amper & Co./Deloitte

65. Mr. LEOPOLDO "Leo" P. DE GUZMAN

EVP, Multi-Rich Home Decors, Inc.

70. Mr. WILSON T. LEI YEE

CEO, Simply Moving Philippines, inc.

MARCH 24

71. Mr. EUGENE "Eug" S. ACEVEDO

President and CEO, Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (RCBC)

72. Ms. MA. LUNA "Luna" E. CACANANDO

President and CEO, Small Business Corporation

MARCH 25

73. Ms. MARLETH S. CALANOG

Executive Director, Ateneo de Manila University Graduate School of Business Center for Continuing Education

74. Mrs. VICTORIA "Vicky" P. GARCHITORENA-ARPON

Consultant, Family Philanthropy and Corporate Social Responsibility March 25

75. Mr. JONATHAN JUAN "JJ" DC. MORENO

President and CEO, AF Payments Inc.

76. Mr. JESUS "Boboy" C. ROMERO

COO, Converge ICT Solutions Inc.

MARCH 27

77. Mr. MANUEL LOUIE "Louie" B. FERRER

Vice Chair, Megawide Construction Corporation

78. Mr. RODRIGO SEGURA

Partner and Senior Consultant, CMC Business Solutions, Inc.

MARCH 28

79. Atty. J. ANDRES "Andy" D. BAUTISTA

80. Mr. MENELEO "Ito" J. CARLOS JR.

President, RI Chemical Corporation

81. Sec. HERMINIO "Sonny" B. COLOMA JR.

Publisher, Manila Bulletin Publishing Corporation

82. Mr. WOLFGANG KURT "Wolfgang" HARLE

Managing Director, Harle Philippines, Inc. 83. Mr. RAMON "Mon" S. MONZON

President and CEO, The Philippine Stock Exchange

84. Ms. LYNETTE ORTIZ

CEO, Standard Chartered Bank Inc.

85. Mr. JOSE ARNULFO "Wick" A. VELOSO

President and General Manager, Government Service Insurance System (GSIS)

MARCH 29

86. Mr. JOHN D. FORBES

Senior Adviser, AMCHAM Philippines

MARCH 30

87. Mr. JAIME "Jimmy" F. SINGSON

President, USA BPO, Inc.

88. Mr. VICTOR JOSE "Vic" TANCINCO

President and CEO, St. Peter Life Plan, Inc. March 30

MARCH 31

89. Sec. BENJAMIN "Ben" E. DIOKNO

Secretary, Department of Finance (DOF)

90. Mr. ROBERTO "Bobby" B. TAN

Chair and CEO, Marigold Estate Ventures Company, Inc.

President, Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation (PDIC)

66. Mr. ARUN RAMESH "Arun" MIRPURI

President, Philippine Grocers Food Exports, Inc.

67. Mr. WILLIAM CARLOS "William" UY

Chair and President, Parity Values, Inc.

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For forthcoming ease







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