

# The MAP MEMO

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Mr. REX C. DRILON II

"MAPping the Future" Column in INQUIRER

## "Traslacion: The RCAM Road Map"

May 22, 2023



Ms. CHIT U. JUAN

"MAP Insights" Column in BUSINESSWORLD

# "The Procurement Law needs a quick review"

May 23, 2023

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## <sup>2</sup> "Traslacion: The RCAM Road Map"

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#### Mr. REX C. DRILON II

'n the Chrism Mass last Holy Thursday, the Archbishop of the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Manila (RCAM), Cardinal Jose Advincula, launched the Traslacion RCAM Road Map Project, the journey of renewal for the archdiocese, which he and his priests had been working on since October 2022.

In line with the Synod on Synodality, which Pope Francis will hold later this year in Rome, Cardinal "Joe" and his key advisers went around the archdiocese last year to dialogue with RCAM's stakeholders in various sectors. One of these dialogues, which His Eminence himself conducted, was held with the Management Association of the Philippines (MAP). It was a listening session, the Cardinal emphasized. He needed to hear what the concerns of MAP are as regards the Church and its people.

MAP invited about a dozen of its members for the session with the Cardinal. I was privileged to have been part of the MAP team. During the dialogue, I presented to the Cardinal a project that we were discussing with his predecessor, Cardinal Tagle, regarding a possible road map for RCAM—a project that had been shelved because of his transfer to Rome, Cardinal Joe apparently liked my brief presentation that he suggested that I present the material to him and eight of his key priest-assistants at a later date. After the second presentation, the Cardinal decided to organize a strategic planning (stratplan) session with 42 priests and a layman, lawyer Alex Cabrera, chair emeritus of PwC Philippines/Isla Lipana & Co., who happens to be one of the members of the Finance Committee of RCAM. Former Finance Secretary Dr. Jesus Estanislao and I conducted the planning session with the assistance of Center for Excellence in Governance (CEG) and Institute of Corporate Directors (ICD) staff. The Balanced Scorecard Strategy Formulation and Execution Framework of Robert Kaplan and David Norton was used in the two-day planning session. This is the same methodology that CEG and its sister institutes ICD and ISA use for their clients and partners.

At the end of the stratplan session, the Cardinal and the participants were able to craft the updated RCAM governance charter or statements of core values, mission and vision; identified five strategic perspectives of the archdiocese (people, process, constituencies, finance and social impact); and, went through a detailed analysis of their internal and external environments using the SWOT (Strengths, Opportunities and Threats Weaknesses, analysis) and Pestel (Political, Economic, Social, Technological, Environmental and Legal) frameworks. They also agreed what the strategic shifts should be. All three (SWOT, Pestel and Strategic Shifts) used the same five perspectives as the common frame of reference. Given these inputs, the group was able to develop 14 strategic objectives which, if achieved, can result in the fulfillment of the RCAM's vision for the future.

The RCAM governance charter can be described as follows: "Grounded on the core values of fidelity, synodality and stewardship; and pursuing the mission, as a people called by the Father in Jesus Christ, to become a community of persons with the fullness of life witnessing to the Kingdom of God by living the Paschal Mystery in the power of the Holy Spirit with Mary and Joseph as companions; RCAM's vision by 2028 is to raise the level of integral faith formation and to promote human development and stewardship of the Archdiocese and its ecclesial communities to best pastoral practice in the Philippine Church."

The group also agreed to call the updated and renewed strategy as "Traslacion RCAM Road

Map" with the core purpose of transforming the archdiocese into a community of missionary disciples committed to living and spreading the gospel of Jesus Christ and fulfillment of its role as a Church of the Poor.

#### Strategic objectives

The 14 strategic objectives adopted by RCAM can be summarized as follows:

#### **People perspective**

- 1. Adopt an appropriate human capital strategy for the clergy and lay employees.
- 2. Strengthen the formation and professionalization of the clergy and the lay employees.
- 3. Review the organizational structure and adjust for relevance and appropriateness.

#### **Process**

- 4. Strengthen institutions, ministries, parishes, etc. using traditional and digital technology.
- 5. Proclaim the Gospel with greater clarity and relevance consistent with the social doctrine of the Church.

#### Constituency

- 6. Ensure that ecclesial communities become centers for the new evangelization in coordination with local governments.
- 7. Instill in the faithful a strong sense of belonging to RCAM as a community of missionary disciples.
- 8. Establish strong relationships with government, social and other institutions for formation of social conscience.

#### **Finance**

- 9. Update and strengthen fiscal and financial systems and policies, including internal controls and transparency.
- 10. Determine best use for RCAM resources and develop innovative ways of resource generation to ensure sustainability.
- 11. Develop and implement policies on judicious and prudent spending and

leverage on partnerships.

#### **Social Impact**

- 12. Cultivate a "culture of encounter" to propagate the truth and Catholic social teaching.
- 13. Address the issues of poverty, inequality and exclusion and become the Church of the Poor.
- 14. Be a leading participant in the promotion of social and environmental justice (e.g. human rights, climate change, etc.)

The RCAM Strategy Map is not complete until the RCAM Performance Scorecard is developed. The scorecard is where the "rubber meets the road." The technical working group of Traslacion RCAM Road Map is currently reviewing the draft scorecard developed in the stratplan session. This includes determining the measures based on the strategic objectives, establishing the baselines (2022), developing annual targets until 2028 and adopting initiatives that will ensure attainment of the objectives.

The next step will be to cascade the RCAM Road Map to the parishes and other archdiocesan component units (commissions, ministries, vicariates, etc.) and ensure that the subsidiary road maps are aligned with the Traslacion RCAM Road Map. In the video presentation during the Chrism Mass last Holy Thursday, Fr. Jason Laguerta, the episcopal vicar for the Traslacion RCAM Road Map, revealed that the cascading process shall be completed by the end of 2023.

It is encouraging to note that RCAM has decided to avail of proven management planning and execution methodology that CEG, ICD and ISA have used successfully in helping their clients and partners in the last 25 years. We wish RCAM the best of luck and success in their bold endeavor. Indeed, we look forward to our dream that our Church finally becomes a Church for the Poor.

This article reflects the personal opinion of the author and not the official stand of the Management Association of the Philippines. The author is chair of MAP Shared Prosperity Committee. He is also vice chair of the CEG and the ISA and former chair of ICD. Feedback at map@map.org.ph and rex@drilon.com.

## <sup>4</sup> "The Procurement Law needs a quick review"

(from page 1)



Ms. CHIT U. JUAN

s we go around different Shared Service Facilities (SSF) given as grants to communities around the country, our hearts are full just knowing that the poorest of the poor do get government assistance. What we lament, through, is the fact that the procurement laws of government lack evaluation and must be reviewed soon.

First, with the rise of new technology and the rate of obsolesence being so fast, we must go back to the drawing board, so to speak.

Second, it truly is a waste of precious resources only because present day laws no longer address the need it was made for. For example, the admonition to "Buy Local" may be good for fresh food, but is it the same for modern equipment? Do we have the engineering capability and after-sales service that China or Vietnam, for example, can proved?

#### **COFFEE EQUIPMENT**

Vietnam and China have become coffee giants, surpassing old producers like Indonesia and even the Philippines. Yes,

China produces more coffee than we do. Because of its high volume of production, Vietnam is now also already a manufacturer of coffee procesing equipment which is affordable and easily imported into our country. Why do we then still attempt to manufacture such equipment locally when we can import it from Vietnam?

Vietnam is the No. 1 producer of Robusta, and No. 2 in volume next only to Brazil (still the biggest producer of coffee). It got to those positions because it has the right equipment. The Vietnamese government also focused on coffee production and gave support to farmers in Da Lat and Buon Ma Thot in 1975 after the war ended. These farmers, who were only in their 20s then, started coffee plantations and are now the proud owners of coffee companies, passing down the design of the processing equipment to an exact science, and we can import the equipment under the ASEAN Free Trade Agreement (AFTA). Why do we still attempt to produce handful of this equipment, without economies of scale? Could it be the Procurement Law which requires buying local? Please tell me.

Second, we have equipment that is given to communities so they can also roast their own coffee, adding value to the crop, and allowing farmers to sell their produce as roasted coffee beans. Again, the equipment is made locally -- a poor imitation of the German or Turkish kind of coffee roaster. The farmers we talked to say the roaster takes two hours to process a batch using electricity, which we know is costly. So, they are better off with a wood-fired roaster that they just made in the backyard. It's not perfect but it works for them, right now. China, however, sells roasters on Alibaba. com for cheap. You order online and it gets to your door almost in no time. Why are we manufacturing coffee roasters? And poor copies of the real deal at that, and inefficient to use.

The last 10 to 15 years have been phenomenal in the regional coffee industry because of the advent of China's manufactured roasting equipment and Vietnam's processing equipment. These two countries manufacture in scale and have after-sales service through the internet, with chat features and online manuals. But I dare you to go around our coffee areas and what you will see are poor imitations of imported processing equipment. Is it the mistake of the agencies giving them away, or the Procurement Law needing review? Much as we would like to buy local, we need to check with industry if cheaper, more efficient imported versions or models are now available.

Every day we find another piece of equipment going obsolete. With advances in technology, coffee is not the only industry needing review. It could be done also for other crops, like cacao, corn, and rice to name a few. I once visited a facility in the Visayas where a grinder was called "all in one." It could mill rice, corn, coffee, and most grains. Instead of being impressed, I got worried. This is equipment that will not be used well because it is trying to be "everything to everyone." How can cacao and coffee be processed in the same machine? But this equipment was bought and passed the procurement standards!

With all due respect to our administrators, it is high time we looked at our Procurement laws and checked the scientific and logical reasons on why instead of imported equipment we rather make a makeshift version only to comply with our antiquated bidding procedures. It is sad that our beautiful produce, like coffee, becomes bad only because of using the wrong equipment, or, due to lack of a better choice, farmers have to make do and end up with poor results.

#### **REINVENTING THE WHEEL**

I also have been exposed to an agency that does research on equipment and they showed me two "inventions": a solar tunnel dryer and a coffee moisture meter. These did not have to be "reinvented" by a government agency. These two items, both used to make production of agricultural products better and more efficient, have already been invented and manufactured at scale by India, China, and Vietnam. Why are we reinventing it?

The solar tunnel dryer is now given to communities whether they have the minimum production required or not. So small producers and medium-scale producers get the same model. Some find it too big for their needs, others find it too small for theirs. It is not "one size fits all" but that is the model so far invented. There are other models of these solar dryers already existing if one looks online.

A coffee or grain moisture meter, now manufactured at scale by India from UK standards, is affordable for many farmers. But this agency attempted to again invent a model similar, but of course more expensive, than that from India. Why do they reinvent something already in the market?

Now, you ask me why our Agriculture is not improving? Have we looked at the whole value chain? It is not the lack of farmers. It is the big stumbling block called procurement that prevents our farmers from being more efficient and profitable. Maybe we ought to have a look at the Procurement Law and check what we need to amend.

Chit U. Juan is the co-vice-chair of the Management Association Environment Committee. She is president of NextGen Organization of Women Corporate Directors (NOWCD), and founder of ECHOstore Sustainable Lifestyle. She is a member of the global Slow Food community promoting good, clean, and fair food.

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## <sup>6</sup> "Single moms, double the love and care"

(Shared Article from Inquirer on May 14, 2023)



Ms. SALVE I. DUPLITO

he mothers looking at me across the second floor of the activity center in Mati, Davao Oriental, had varied expressions. Some looked a little worried, perhaps having had to leave their children and chores at home. Some squinted at me with tentative, shy smiles. Many had polite expressions. A few seemed afraid to expect anything.

One particular woman met my eyes many times during the workshop with her own smiling eyes, and even underneath her mask, I knew she was smiling.

It was only the day after I had given an interactive two-hour financial literacy workshop to the predominantly female weaving community in Mati when I learned her name. Nanay Evelyn videotaped me a message in tears, saying she will follow what she learned from the workshop in the hopes of increasing her income and eventually being able to help other women also in the community.

As a single mother, she says life has been really difficult for her. "Ang daming struggles kaya kailangan lumaban talaga. Kung saansaan na ako nakarating para makapagtrabaho kasi nag-aaral pa ang anak ko eh (It's always a struggle so I really need to fight. I've gone to so many places to work because I have to send my child to school)," Nanay Evelyn says.

Nanay Evelyn is part of an organized group of women weavers from the Mandayan tribe that is being assisted by the Office of Mati Mayor Michelle Rabat. I was invited last February to provide the financial workshop as an integral part of the program Habi ng Pag-Asa, a collaboration between Mayor Rabat and The Rotary Club of San Juan Supreme. The hope was that as they learn how to become better weavers and entrepreneurs, and as their income grows with their audacious dream of accessing the international markets, they will also be able to save and invest for the future.

"We want the women in Mati to have aspirations far beyond our city. We want them to have hope. In a small way, it is already happening. May pambili na raw sila ng pulang lipstick! (They now have money to buy red lipstick). But we know they can do more and we are here to help them do more," says Mayor Rabat.

#### Red lipstick

The red lipstick, as it turns out, is a symbol that many women, especially single mothers, love. It stands for feminine empowerment, excellence and hope.

Single mothers have very unique financial needs, since they have to feed, clothe and educate their children all on their own. At the same time, it is critical that they do not deprive themselves of their most important financial needs like health checkups and what I call a "pamper yourself" fund. Many women succumb early to reproductive health issues and depression, and that is not something that should be neglected in a financial plan, especially for single moms.

I was raised by a whirlwind of a single mother. My now 85-year-old mom is full of life and laughter even at her age. She had five girls and one baby boy to raise. And yet on the salary of a public school teacher, every other month, she also managed to bring home one or two students "who had nowhere else to go and nothing to eat."

Her generosity made me feel rich, even if we also had very little. She also made sure we read a lot of books, spoke English, did Math and could hold our own in a whole classroom

of stellar students at Bicol University in Legazpi City.

Years of observing my own mother and so many other single mothers who sat in my financial planning workshops have helped me create a five-step plan to make them embrace the symbol of their red lipsticks. Here they are:

#### 5 to thrive

- 1. Learn to do side hustles to avoid debt like a plague. It doesn't have to be anything grand in the beginning. A P200 extra income per day is P73,000 per year!
- 2. Build an emergency fund that can pay bills when you get sick. Every month, even before you pay your bills, set aside a fixed amount, say P500 or P1,000, for your emergency fund. You can also do that every payday. You can automate it through the creation of a separate bank account just for emergencies. Automation allows you to do it even when you are busy and it works like magic. On your first year, you will hardly be able to believe how much you have been able to save.
- 3. Borrow only to increase your net worth, but if you do get into debt, create a payment plan and follow it. Never get into the habit of borrowing for birthdays, Christmases or vacations. Yes, you deserve to be happy, but do you also deserve to worry all the time about how to pay those bills? Now if you cannot avoid it—for example, it is for medical emergencies while you are still filling up your health fund—borrow but only with a payment plan and follow it strictly. There is nothing that removes your sense of security more than debts hanging over your head. As a single mother, you do not want to be beholden to anyone.
- 4. Buy medical insurance for yourself and the children. If they are still young, buy a term insurance with the highest coverage you can afford to pay for your children's education. This is not a luxury. This is a necessity.
- 5. Enjoy life. Take care of yourself. Set aside a little amount every week for your own relaxation, even if it means simply getting an ice cream cone if your body is not averse to sugar.

Single mothers are some of the strongest humans in the world, with a capacity for giving and caring unparalleled by others. They deserve the tax breaks and other benefits that government can provide. And they also deserve a great financial plan for all their hard work and sacrifice. If you know of a single mother, give them a huge smile and a caring Happy Mother's Day!

—CONTRIBUTED



# Can big business be inclusive?

By: Cielito F. Habito
@inquirerdotnet Philippine Daily Inquirer /
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Are our big business conglomerates widening the gap between rich and poor Filipinos? While big business empires in rich countries seem to have fostered growing economic concentration and widened inequality, the outcome need not be inevitable. But the big business leaders themselves must have the mindset (and the heart) to consciously avoid this undesirable result. Conversations with some prominent big names in Philippine business for a forthcoming Ateneo book give me hope that we do have a new breed of business tycoons who could make big business instrumental to more inclusive development, rather than the enemy of it.

How do we define "inclusive development"? The Asian Development Bank (ADB) has characterized it as "the equitable distribution of economic growth, with particular concern for the most marginalized and vulnerable sectors of society ... (and) can be achieved through job creation, as well as the development of human capital and social infrastructure that will allow these sectors to have more direct participation and benefit from the development process." Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala (Jaza) of the Ayala business empire adds that "the overall well-being of a person and the different components that make a good life possible" must also be part of it, and "includes, among others, access to quality health and education, dignified shelter, gainful and fulfilling livelihood, and a safe and secure environment." Josephine Gotianun-Yap of the Filinvest group adds social participation and engagement to the list.

How are they leading their respective conglomerates to make a conscious contribution to inclusive development? Their most obvious and direct contribution, as highlighted in the ADB definition, would be in the thousands of jobs they create for our ever-growing labor force. On the other side is the multitude of customers who patronize their products and services, with which the companies can help improve their welfare and quality of life, especially when provided at low cost and high quality. For Lance

Gokongwei's JG Summit group, "providing better choices for customers" is one of two goals defining their avowed company purpose. The other is "creating shared success for our stakeholders," noting how this now goes well beyond the traditional focus on customers and shareholders but also includes employees, suppliers, and the surrounding community.

Jaza recounts how their products and services in the early years catered mostly to higher income segments, but have since steadily broadened their core offerings all the way to serve the "base of the pyramid." Ayala Land now has products spanning the various tiers of the market, and prepaid technology transformed Globe Telecom's erstwhile higher-end customer base to one dominated by a mass market now empowered by access to digital communication. Manila Water substantially widened its subscriber coverage in Metro Manila even within the same fixed service area, by employing business models that enabled them to pipe water even to most depressed neighborhoods, including of informal settlers. It also deliberately sourced plumbing materials, components, and labor from some 1,600 community-based small enterprises and contractors that they trained on the production of such products and on business management. Altogether, Ayala counts hundreds of thousands of micro, small, and medium enterprises (MSMEs) within its ecosystem spanning all its business units.

Sabin Aboitiz takes similar pride in how the Aboitiz Group integrates large numbers of MSMEs in its value chains, most prominently through Pilmico, whose feeds business sources locally grown corn from small farmer cooperatives to supply their feed mills. These in turn provide a vital input for the livestock and poultry industry, thereby contributing to both sides of the agriculture supply and demand equation.

Meanwhile, the group's banking units Union-Bank and City Savings are the acknowledged industry leaders in digital banking services nationwide, boasting a clientele spanning generations of microentrepreneurs, employees, public school teachers, companies, and professionals.

Being big need not mean being bad, after all.

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# PHILIPPINE DAILY INQUIRER

### Why people are not telling you the truth

f you are a business leader, chances are high that many of your people are not religing you the truth. This is even worse if you are the CBO or owner, let alone both. Why Because the more money you have, the higher your position and social standing, the fewer people will bring you bad news. Or give you an accurate view of reality.

This is especially true in cul-

This is especially true in cul-tures like in the Philippines and several other Asian countries because most people are even more intimidated by factors like status and wealth. Many of our clients in the region and globally are wealthy family business conglomerates where ownership and positions of-ten go together. If you are in a ten go togetner. It you are in a similar situation, this is a lethal combination because people will not be giving you the facts, so you must be extra careful.

Many of our family business clients have difficulties coping with this situation, es-

pecially if they are not the first generation. This challenge of not knowing whom to trust and not knowing what the facts are is often getting worse with each new era after the founder.

## Root cause: They want to hide their weaknesses and exploit yours So what can you do if you a CEO, business owner or

both? First of all, we have to un-

derstand the root causes.

Let me share a few examples from our regional and global clients. A president and global clients. A prestuent am-second-generation owner of an American food company reaching hundreds of millions of clients across different coun-tries had the weakness of loving hamiful presentations. The beautiful presentations. The top people around him quickly ized this was a great way to

The RCAM Road Map"

by

Mr. REX C. DRILON II

Chair of

MAP Shared

Prosperity Committee; Vice Chair of

Center for Excellence in

Governance (CEG) and Institute of Solidarity in Asia (ISA); Former Chair of Institute of Corporate

Directors (ICD)

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distract him.

He only became aware of this after I coached him and my team had done addition-



the board and the one-downs. He was shocked. He had never He was shocked. He had never realized that this was one of his most significant weakness-es in the business, to be easily distracted from the actual con-tent by beautiful PowerPoint. This meant that he needed to be more focused on holding people accountable to deliver results.

#### weaknesses

Again it comes back to what want: As a business leader, you want to have a hungry army of people working to achieve your goals, to be accountable and ruthless in execution.

A weakness like the one above sabotages that goal. I taught that CEO how to become aware of his unique strengths and weaknesses, and build a support system for his faults so others could no longer exploit

them.

Another example from our family of clients: a fourth-generation American entrepreneur has the typical personality profile of the gung-ho innovator who always tries new things. His people catch up to that and serve him an endless stream of new ideas and projects, so he gets distracted from them not delivering on their targets and critical results. And many and critical results. And many of them were repeatedly not reaching their targets, as we found out.

As was already inscribed in the forecourt of the Temple of Apollo at Delphi in Ancient Greece: Know thyself. You need to know your strengths and your weaknesses and build

your successes and under your successes around them. Practically this means: Fo-cusing on and playing to your strengths, and being very aware of your weaknesses, and build-ing a support system for them so others cannot exploit them.

#### Root cause: They sugarcoat

Another example from our family of clients is a fifth-gen-eration billion-dollar fami-ly business empire spanning many different industries. When we talked to the CEOs of When we talked to the CEOS of their businesses, they were very vocal about what needed to be done, the urgent challenges of the company, and the fires that needed to be put out. But as soon as these same CEOS sat in a meeting with the family men

into uncharted territory. After all, these CEOs needed to exe-cute. But no, silence prevailed cute. But no, silence prevailed or, at best, "sugarcoating." They neither raised the harsh realities of the business nor the golden opportunities with the owners. They stayed in the "sefs." griddle pagester. "safe" middle waters.

Root cause: They don't want to be the bearer of bad news Especially when it comes to bad news, this can kill you. To day's economic environment is day's economic environment is unforgiving: a wrong decision and you are gone. Even mar-ket leaders are only one or two major strategic decisions away from failure. Next time you think that could never happen to your business, remember all the famous failures of cor-served beitser, from Nock to porate history, from Kodak to Yahoo, from Nokia to MySpace. On top today, gone tomorrow. The same can happen to you.

a meeting with the family members, they were silent. An occasional head nodding and a few sparse words; that was it.

Why is the family paying these CBOs if not to get their opinions and insights? None This is why my team and I usunof the CBOs wanted to venture

tigation when we start with a new client to find out what the facts and realities of the busi-ness are—they are rarely what the owners think.

the owners think.
You can only make strategic decisions if you know what
reality is like. So your priority
is to assess reality and take everything people tell you with
a grain of salt. You need to dig a grain of salt. You need to dig and dig enough until you find out the root causes of problems. As a CEO or a business owner, you have to either be an excellent detective yourself or get other external experts to do that for you. Your goal remains the same get as accurate a picture of reality as possible.

#### Root cause: They don't want to tell you 'no'

Many people, especially in Asia, including the Philipin Asia, including the Philippines, do not want to say "no" to requests, mainly if these requests come from the top or the wealthy. Even if they know they cannot deliver by a specific deadline, they till still explicately use. This cannot deliver by a specific dead-line, they will still say yes. This happens equally at the board or management committee level as at any other level of the business. What that does to a busi-

ess is simple: It throws every thing into chaos because people do not deliver by the set dead lines while everyone else relies on them. Another example from ir clients: the head of a critical our clients: the head of a children business unit that was instru-mental for the growth of the business and on which many other business units depended kept saying "yes" to projects even though his whole department was already far beyond

Solution: Create a culture of ruthless accountability and execution.
Why did he do that? He wanted to please the owner. But he did not think this through because the famous doomsday arrived when the entire house of cards collapsed. After all, he could not keep his promises and failed on many vital deadlines.

dailed on many vital deadlines.

The result? The owners were less than happy. If you are the owner, CEO or both, you need to encourage people to be extremely clear and honest heart when they can of cannot dead to be the street that can be cannot cannot contain the contained the con be extremely clear and nonest about what they can or cannot deliver. This only works if you create a culture of open com-munication. But most of all, a business is a system of inter-connected parts like a machine;

connected parts like a machine; if one component falls, it impacts all the others.

Accountability and ruthless execution are the oil of the machine. Lose it and your profits will never reach their full potential! INQ



#### Traslacion: The RCAM Road Map

the Chrism Mass last Holy Thursday, the Archbishop of the Roman Catholic Archdi-ocese of Manila (RCAM), Car-dinal Jose Advincula, launched the Traslacion RCAM Road Map Project, the journey of renewal for the archdiocese, which he and his priests had been work-ing on since October 2022.

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to organize a strategic planning (stratplan) session with 42 priests and a layman, lawyer Alex Cabrera, chair emeritus of PwC Philippines/list Lipana & Co., who happens to be one of the members of the Finance Committee of RCAM.
Former Finance Secretary Dr. Jesus Estanislao and I con-ducted the planning session with the assistance of Center for Excellence in Governance (CEG) and institute of Corpo-rate Directors (ICD) staff. The rate Directors (ICD) staff. The Balanced Scorecard Strategy Formulation and Execution Framework of Robert Kaplan and David Norton was used in the two-day planning session. This is the same methodology that CEG and its sister institutes ICD and ISA use for their clients and partners.

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vision; identified five strate-gic perspectives of the arch-diocese (people, process, con-stituencies, finance and social stituencies, finance and social impact); and, went through a detailed analysis of their internal and external environments using the SWOT (Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats analysis) and Pest (Political, Economic, Social, Technological, Environmental and Legal) frameworks. They also agreed what the strategic shifts should be. All three (SWOT, Pestel and Strategic Shifts) used the same five perspectives as the common frame of reference. Given these inputs, the group was able to develop 14 strategic objectives which, if achieved, can result in the fulfillment of the RCAM's vision for the future.

RCAM's vision for the future The RCAM governance follows: "Grounded on the core values of fidelity, synodality and stewardship; and pursuing the mission, as a people called by the Father in Jesus Christ, to become a community of persons with the fullness of life witnessthe fullness of life witnessing to the Kingdom of God by living the Paschal Mystery in the power of the Holy Spirit with Mary and Joseph as companions; RCAM's vision by 2028 is to raise the level of integral faith formation and to promote human development and stewardship of the Archdiocese and its ecclesial communities to best ecclesial communities to best pastoral practice in the Phil-ippine Church."

The group also agreed to call the updated and renewed strategy as "Traslacion RCAM Road Map" with the core purpose of transforming the archdiocese into a community of missionary disciples commit-ted to living and spreading the gospel of Jesus Christ and fulent of its role as a Church of the Poor.

## Strategic objectives The 14 strategic objectives adopted by RCAM can be sum-

marized as follows: People perspective

reopie perspective

1. Adopt an appropriate human capital strategy for the
clergy and lay employees.

2. Strengthen the formation
and professionalization of the
clergy and the lay employees.

3. Review the organizational.

. Review the organizational structure and adjust for relevance and appropriateness

4. Strengthen institutions, ministries, parishes, etc. using traditional and digital technol-

5. Proclaim the Gospel with greater clarity and relevance consistent with the social doc-trine of the Church.

Constituency
6. Ensure that ecclesial communities become centers for the new evangelization in coordination with local govern-

7. Instill in the faithful a strong sense of belonging to RCAM as a community of mis-

sionary disciples 8. Establish strong relationships with government, social and other institutions for formation of social conscience.

#### Finance

9. Update and strengthen fiscal and financial systems and policies, including internal con-

poincies, including internal con-trols and transparency.

10. Determine best use for RCAM resources and develop innovative ways of resource generation to ensure sustain-

ability. 11. Develop and implement policies on judicious and pru-dent spending and leverage on

partnerships.

Social Impact 12. Cultivate a "culture of encounter" to propagate the truth and Catholic social

teaching.
13. Address the issues of poverty, inequality and exclu-sion and become the Church of

the Poor.

14. Be a leading participant in the promotion of social and environmental justice (e.g. human rights, climate change, etc.)

The RCAM Strategy Map not complete until the RCAM
Performance Scorecard is developed. The scorecard is where
the "rubber meets the road."
The technical working group
of Traslacion RCAM Road Map is currently reviewing the draft scorecard developed in the stratplan session. This includes determining the measures based on the strategic objec-

tives, establishing the baselines (2022), developing annual targets until 2028 and adopting initiatives that will ensure attainment of the objectives.

The next step will be to cascade the RCAM Road Map to

the parishes and other archdi-ocesan component units (com-missions, ministries, vicariates, etc.) and ensure that the subetc.) and ensure that the subsidiary road maps are aligned with the Traslacion RCAM Road Map. In the video presentation during the Chrism Mass last Holy Thursday, Fr. Jason Laguerta, the episcopal vicar for the Traslacion RCAM Road Map, revealed that the cascading process shall be completed by the end of 2023.

It is encouraging to note

that RCAM has decided to avail of proven management plan-ning and execution methodolo-gy that CEG, ICD and ISA have used successfully in helping their clients and partners in last 25 years. We wish RCAM the best of luck and success in their bold endeavor. Indeed, we look forward to our dream that Church for the Poor, INQ



opinion of the author and not the officia chair of the CEG and the ISA and

The Procurement law needs a quick review

As we go around different Shared Service Facilities communities around the country, our hearts are full just knowing that the poorest of the poor deg government assistance. What we lament, though, is the fact that the procurement laws of government lack evaluation and must be reviewed soon.

ment tack evaluation and must be reviewed soon.

First, with the rise of new technology and the rate of obso-lescence being so fast, we must go back to the drawing board, so

Second, it truly is a waste of For example, the admonition to "Buy Local" may be good for fresh food, but is it the same for modern rood, but is it the salle to indee in equipment? Do we have the engineering capability and after-sales service that China or Vietnam, for example, can provide?

COFFEE EQUIPMENT
Vietnam and China have become
coffee giants, surpassing old producers like Indonesia and even
the Philippines, Yes, China produces more coffee than we do.
Because of its high volume of
production, Vietnam is now also
already a manufacturer of coffee
processing equipment which is ing equipment which is processing equipment which is affordable and easily imported into our country. Why do we then still attempt to manufacture such equipment locally when we can import it from Vietnam? Vietnam is the No. 1 producer of Robusta, and No. 2 in volume next only to Brazil (still the big-sest producer of coffee). It set to

next only to Brazil (still the big-gest producer of coffee). It got to those positions because it has the right equipment. The Vietnamese government also focused on cof-fee production and gave support to farmers in Da Lat and Buon Ma Thot in 1975 after the warended. These farmers, who were only in their 20s then, started



#### **MAP INSIGHTS** CHIT U. JUAN

the proud owners of coffee com-panies, passing on their success to the next generation. Vietnam has drilled down the design of has drilled down the design of the processing equipment to an exact science, and we can import the equipment under the ASEAN Free Trade Agreement (AFTA). Why do we still attempt to pro-duce a handful of this equipment, without exonomies of scale? without economies of scale? Could it be the Procurement Law which requires buying local? Please tell me

German or Turkish kind of coffee roaster. The farmers we talked to say the roaster takes two hours to process a batch using electric, which we know is costly. So, they are better off with a wood-fired roaster that they just made in the backyard. It's not perfect but it works for them, right now. German or Turkish kind of coffee China, however, sells roasters on China, however, sells roasters on Alibaba.com for cheap. You order online and it gets to your door almost in no time. Why are we manufacturing coffee roasters? And poor copies of the real deal at that, and inefficient to use. The last 10 to 15 years have

been phenomenal in the regional Please tell me.

Second, we have equipment that is given to communities so they can also roast their, own coffee, adding value to the crop, and allowing farmers to sell their produce as roasted coffee beat turn in scale and have after-sales again, the equipment is made lo-

But I dare you to go around our coffee areas and what you will see are poor imitations of imported are poor imitations of imported processing equipment. Is it the mistake of the agencies giving them away, or the Procurement Law needing review? Much as we would like to buy local, we need to check with industry if cheaper. more efficient imported versions or models are now available

or models are now available.
Every day we find another
piece of equipment going obsolete. With advances in technology, coffee is not the only industry
needing review. It could be done
also for other crops, like cacao,
corn, and rice to name a few. I. once visited a facility in the Vi once visited a facility in the visayas where a grinder was called "all in one." It could mill rice, corn, coffee, and most grains. Instead of being impressed, I got worried. This is equipment that will not be used well because it is trying to

be "everything to everyone." How can cacao and coffee be processed in the same machine? But this equipment was bought and passed the procurement standards! With all due respect to our ad-ministrators, it is high time we ministrators, it is high time we looked at our Procurement laws and checked the scientific and logical reasons on why instead of imported equipment we rather make a makeshift version only to comply with our antiquated bidding procedures. It is sad that our beautiful produce, like coffee becomes bad only because of uspoor results.

#### REINVENTING THE WHEEL

I also have been exposed to an agency that does research on equipment and they showed me

dryer and a coffee moisture me-ter. These did not have to be "re-invented" by a government agen-cy. These two items, both used to make production of agricultural products better and more effi-cient, have already been invented and manufactured at scale by In-dia, China, and Vietnam. Why are

dia, China, and Vietnam. wny ac-we reinventing it?

The solar tunnel dryer is now given to communities whether they have the minimum produc-tion required or not. So small pro-ducers and medium-scale producers get the same mode find it too big for their needs, oth find it too big for their needs, others find it too small for theirs. It is not "one size fits all" but that is the model so far invented. There are other models of these solar dryers already existing if one looks online.

looks online. A coffee or grain moisture me ter, now manufactured at scale ter, now manufactured at scale by India from UK standards, is affordable for many farmers. But this agency attempted to again invent a model similar, but of course more expensive, than that from India. Why do they reinvent something already in the market?

something aiready in the inflates.

Now, you ask me why our Agriculture is not improving? Have
we looked at the whole value
chain? It is not the lack of farmers. It is the big stumbling block
called procurement that prevents our farmers from being more efficient and profitable. Maybe we ought to have a look at the Pro-curement Law and check what we

CHIT U. JUAN is the co-vice-chair of the Marketing Association of the Philippines Environment Committee. She is preside of NextGen Organization of Women

#### "The Procurement law needs a quick review

#### by

#### Ms. CHIT U. JUAN Member of the MAP Diversity, Equity and Inclusion Committee President of NextGen Organization of Women Corporate Directors, Inc. (NOWCD) Chair of the Philippine Coffee Board Councilor of Slow Food (www.slowfood.com) for Southeast Asia

"MAP Insights" Column in BUSINESSWORLD May 23, 2023

Advocate for organic agriculture

### The Laffer Curve of Philippine tobacco taxation

Finance Economics is the Laf-fer Curve. It shows a bell-shape nship between tax rates and also increase initially then plateau at some point and start to decline after. concept was developed by US

The concept was developed by US economist Arthur Laffer.
Consider income tax. At 20% to 30% tax, people would tolerate it. But as income tax rises to 40% and higher as their income rises, some people would reduce income rises, some people would reduce work to an income level where the tax rate is only 30% or lower and instead enjoy more rest. Other people would misdeclare their real income, like getting a second or third job and not declaring it because their tax rate would then jump to 50% or higher This undeclared, unreported income is considered among "underground economy" activities and tax collection on this is zero. And the government's overall revenues start to decline.

This column has discussed the Phil ippines' excise tax revenues from "sin" ippines: excise tax revenues from "sin" or "public"bad" products — alcohol, mining, petroleum, sugar-sweetened beverages, tobacco — before ("Taxpayers" burden from uniformed pensions," May 1). Tobacco tax revenues were the highest in the following pages 1036 highest in the following years: P126 billion in 2017, P136 billion in 2018, P148 billion in 2019, PISO billion in 2018, PIAS billion in 2019, PISO billion in 2021, and PIGO billion in 2022, and PIGO billion in 2022, to abacco tax revenues experienced a decline for the first time in 2022, coinciding with the big tax rate imposed—pS5/pack—and as more people shifted to smuggled or illicit to bacco products which are vary chan.

to smuggled or illicit tobacco products which are very change. This column has also previously discussed estimates of tax losses from caparette smugging alone: Congressman Joey Salceda, the Chairman of the House Committee on Ways and Means, plut it at 950 billion/year, former party-let congessman Jefrich Rogrades, said it was 931 billion/year, Jesus Aranza, Chairman of the Federation of Philippine Industries (PSP), said if was P25 billion/year, and Bureau of internal Revenue (BIR) Commissioner Romes Lurnagoli, Jr., put if at a missioner Romeo Lumagui, Jr., put it at a whopping P100 billion/year. See Table 2 in the column "Addressing high inflation and tax leakage" of March 13.

#### MY CUP OF LIBERTY BIENVENIDO S.

I constructed this illustration of a Loostructed this illustration of a Laffer Curve using data on actual tobacco tax collections from 2017-2022, then projected collections for 2022-2024, and the tax rates per pack. So a tax rate of PSO/pack in 2017 yielded PIZ6 billion in revenues; PSO/pack in 2021 yielded PIZ6. revenues, PSU/pack in 2021 yielded PI60 billion revenues, PSS/pack in 2022 yielded PI60 billion, versus the projection of P210 billion in the Budget of Expenditures and Sources of Financing (BESF) 2023.

This represents PSO billion (P210 billion minus PI60 billion) in unrealized

revenues, which is midway and consisrevenues, which is midway and coinse tent with the various estimates of P30 billion to P100 billion in yearly tax losses from tobacco smuggling and illicit trade. If this trend continues, the potential revenue gap in 2023 could be as high as P90 billion, and even larger in 2024 (see

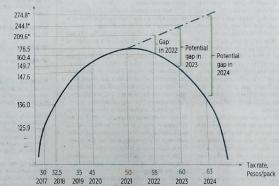
Figure 1).
So, from a Laffer Curve analysis, the optimal tax rate — where tax revenue is largest — is P50/pack. The P55/pack imposed last year yielded a decline revenues. Government is worse off while

revenues. Government is worse off while smugglers, criminals, and their protec-tors in government are better off. Assume tax losses of P50 billion from smuggling in 2023 and beyond. If this can be cut to just half via better law enforcement by national and local gov-ernments, the P25 billion in additional

erments, the P25 billion in additional revenues can do any of these, and more: 1. If used to subsidize electricity prices, this will lead electricity that is cheaper by 0.23/kwh (P25 billion/110 billion kwh), for all on-grid consumers nationwide. 2. If used to retire some public debt.

2. It used to retire some public debt, this will lead to sewings of P265 billion/ year (P25 billion principal plus P15 billion in interest at the current 6% a year Treasury-bills and Treasury-billion for part of the Treasury-billion for the TcT program — P19.43 billion last

#### LAFFER CURVE OF PHILIPPINES TOBACCO TAX RATE AND TAX REVENUES, 2017-2024



\* Projections for 2022, 2023, 2024, from BESF 2023.

year and a follow up of P7.68 billion Last week, on May 18, The Economist

Last week, on May IA, The Economist impact organized a big conference, "Global Anti-Illicit Trade Summit, South-East Asia," at the Shangri-La The Fort at BGC in Taguig City. The keynote speech was given by BIR Commissioner Romeo Lumayu, Jr., Among the things he said was "tha damage that illicit trade on was "tha damage that illicit trade on the said of said sai cwag, U. A. Horly of using site Saul variety. A. Horly and search was a merce of an economy. I most immediate impact is the loss of far exercises that are urgently needed to fund development efforts. The also pointed out the "furbar competition between the players in these illegial activities and legismate business enterprise. I money generated crime, resulting in heightened security risks bothlocally and internationally."

Then he discussed four measures that the government can take to control smuggling and fillicit trade; specially or those or products. These are a jumproved border controls, b, enhancement of intelligence networks and interagency. was, "the damage that illicit trade can

coordination between the country's key law enforcement agencies; c) have a comprehensive legal framework on trade of products in "brick-and-montar" stores and e-commerce platforms, and, d) strict enforcement of applicable laws and regulations against illicit trade and new arti-lilicit trade legislation. It think these measures are practical and workable in addition the formmis-

and workable. In addition, the Commis-sioner and Congress may also consider two other policies that I propose. One, freeze the tobacco excise tax to between P50 to P55/pack. Reduce the

which is excise tax alone) vs the prevailing which is excise tax alone) vs the prevailing smuggled tobacco price of only P40/ pack. Allower price differential between the legal and illegal products can lead to reduced consumption of the latter. Two, partially pe

of law enforcement agencies like the Philippine National Police, Philippine Philippine National Police, Philippine
Coast Guard, and National Bureau of
Investigation on revenue collections from
excise tax, especially tobacco products. If
excise tax collections (with the oil excise
tax removed) flat line or decline, these agencies' budgets will be affected for

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Marriages	35,636	34,558	18,331	27,641	34,384
Births	138,360	139,269	128,426	113,195	109,919
Deaths	49,226	51,678	50,928	74,839	54,335
Births growth,	. %	0.7	-7.8	-11.9	-2.9
Deaths growth,	%	5.0	-1.5	47.0	-27.4
SOURCE: PSA FOR MONT	HLY DATA; AVERA	GES ARE AUTHO	R COMPUTATION	VS.	

the worse. This way, there is an incentive among the agencies to strictly enforce laws against illicit trade and products.

#### FEWER BIRTHS

Also last week, the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA) released an update on monthly vital statistics for 2023. To save space, I computed the monthly data to January-November averages, as the December 2023 data is still incomplete.

There has been an alarming, consistent decline in the number of births in the Philippines starting during the 2020 lockdown, then the mass vaccinations lockdown, trien the mass vaccinations starting 2021. There were nearly 30,000 fewer births a month in 2022 than in 2019. This is not good (see Figure 2). The lockdowns of 2020-2021 plus the mass vaccinations of 2021-2022 —

or political tyranny plus medical tyranny - coincided with, if not triggered, the

reduction of births in the Phillippines.
The proposed Senate Bill 1869 creating a new bureaucracy—the Center for Disease Control (CDC)—is a dangerous bill. Among the coercion explicitly provided for in the bill is "Promote treatment, vaccination, or immuniza-tion against a contagious disease, compelling the isolation or quarantine of persons who are unable or unwill-ing, for reasons of health, religion, or

ing, for reasons of health, religion, or conscience, to undergo immunization or treatment" (Section 13, #5).

Mandatory vaccination or mandatory isolation is equivalent to mandatory discrimination. The vax-vax-vax narrative and business has contempt for the tive and business has contempt for the natural immunity developed by people and only believes in "vax immunity." It only believes in virus mutation but not human mutation in response to new viruses and bacteria. It is a dishonest narrative and now senators want to institutionalize the dishonesty via leg islation. SB 1869 is political and medical

BIENVENIDO S. OPLAS, JR. is





RAUL L. LOCSIN † WILFREDO G. REYES

CATHY ROSE A. GARCIA Managing Editor • VICTOR V. SAULON, TIMOTHY ROY C. MEDINA, BETTINA FAYE V. ROC, ALICIA A. HERRERA, FRANCISCO P. BALTAZAR Section Editors



# MAP GENERAL MEMBERSHIP MEETING **DENR's Initiatives on EPR\*, Mining Policy, etc.**

A Project of the MAP Environment Committee



#### June 14, 2023 Wednesday

11:30 AM to 2:00 PM Bonifacio Hall, Level 4 Shangri-la The Fort

Speaker

Secretary
MARIA ANTONIA
YULO LOYZAGA

Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR)



Registration Fees

MAP Member FREE
Guest P2,000









present

# STRATEGIC HUMAN RESOURCES SUMMIT

TRANSFORMATIONAL PATHWAYS FOR ENTERPRISE SUCCESS

Venue: SHANGRI-LA at the FORT, BGC, TAGUIG CITY

Registration Fees MAP Member FREE Guest P2,000 per session

JUNE 15, 2023, Thursday, 8:30 AM to 11:30 AM

Opening Remarks and Introduction: FROM TRANSACTING TO TRANSFORMING



BENEDICTA DU-BALADAD MAP President



MARIA CAROLINA DOMINGUEZ President and CEO John Clements Consultants, Inc.



RAMON SEGISMUNDO Strategic HR Management Committee Chair, MAP

#### REVOLUTIONIZING HR VIA AI



MHARICAR CASTILLO-REYES President and CEO, Asticom



Reactor: **RENATO JIAO**CHRO, Globe Group of Companies

#### LEVERAGING CEO-CHRO PARTNERSHIP



ROSITA CERES LEGASPI-AGUAS CHRO and Head -People, Learning and Culture, Unilab Inc.



ALBERT PEREZ TORRES Regional Director & Country Head Michael Page (Reactor)



PAULINE FERMIN President and CEO Acumen Strategy Consultants (Reactor)

### JUNE 22, 2023, Thurday, 8:30 AM to 11:30 AM

#### ELEVATING FILIPINO TALENT COMPETITIVENESS



**ROLAND RUIZ** Managing Director, Philippines



Reactor: GERARDO PLANA Chief Executive Investors in People Philippines

#### STRATEGIZING HR COMMUNICATIONS



KAREN REMO CEO and Managing Director New Perspective Media Group



Reactor: SONNY COLOMA Publisher, Manila Bulletin

#### TOWARDS A FILIPINO MANAGEMENT ETHOS



GERARDO CABOCHAN CEO, Pandayan Bookshop



Reactor: GRACE ZATA President, Kestria Philippines

Integration and Closing: A STRATEGIC HR PATHWAY FOR CEOs AND CXOs



JOHN PHILIP ORBETA Chief HR Officer, ACEN



RAMON SEGISMUNDO Founder and CEO, 1-HR.X (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.



















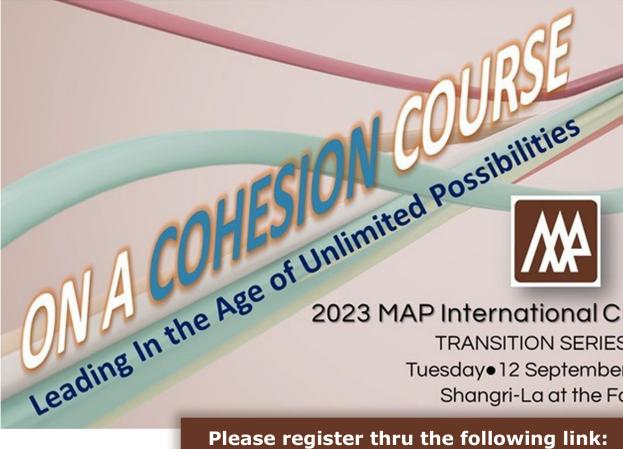








## SAVE THE DATE REGISTER EARLY



2023 MAP International CEO Conference

**TRANSITION SERIES 2** 

Tuesday • 12 September 2023 Shangri-La at the Fort

Please register thru the following link:

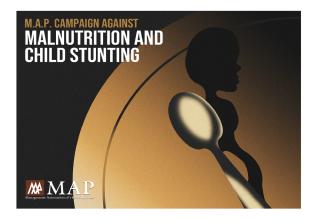
https://forms.gle/xonTxE2ArxfGTWdCA

#### MAP CEO CONFERENCE 2023 REGISTRATION RATES

REGISTRATION FEES					
Payment by	MAP Member	Non-MAP Member	Foreign Delegates		
April	P6,000	P8,000	\$150		
May	P8,000	P10,000	\$200		
June	P10,000	P12,000	\$250		
July	P12,000	P14,000	\$300		
August	P14,000	P16,000	\$350		
September	P16,000	P18,000	\$400		
-	Cot 1 EDEE cost fo	or every 5 seats paid			

Special Rate for Full-Time Academic and Government Officials				
Payment by	MAP Member	Non-MAP Member		
June to September	P4,000	P6,000		

Please register thru the following link: https://forms.gle/xonTxE2ArxfGTWdCA



April 12, 2023 MAP Campaign against Malnutrition and Child Stunting



February 8, 2023 MAP Economic Briefing and General Membership Meeting (GMM)



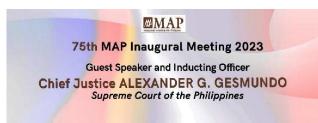
November 22, 2022 MAP Annual General Membership Meeting and "MAP Management Man of the Year 2022" Awarding Ceremony



October 13, 2022 MAP GMM



March 8, 2023 MAP General Membership Membership Meeting (GMM) on International Women's Day



January 31, 2023 MAP Inaugural Meeting 2023 and Induction of MAP 2023 Board of Governors



November 11, 2022 3rd MAP NextGen Conference 2022



September 13, 2022 MAP International CEO Hybrid Conference



September 8, 2022 MAP – PMAP Joint GMM



July 14, 2022 MAP GMM



June 23, 2022 MAP GMM



May 2, 2022 MAP Webinar



August 19, 2022 MAP GMM



July 1, 2022 MAP Webinar



May 19, 2022 MAP GMM



April 29, 2022 MAP Webinar



April 29, 2022 MAP Webinar

# Happy Birthday!

to the following MAP members who are celebrating their birthdays within May 2023

#### May 1

Ms. REZA DADUFALZA GOYENECHE

Senior Commercial Officer, Royal Danish Embassy, Manila

#### May 2

Ms. MARIA VICTORIA "Vicky" P. AGORRILLA

Chair and President, NCR Corporation (Philippines)

Dr. PERICLES "Ricky" P. DAKAY

President and General Manager, Dakay Construction and Development Corporation

Ms. CATHERINE "Kate" H. LIPANA-GOMEZ

Deals and Corporate Finance, and ESG Partner of Isla Lipana & Co./PwC Philippines

#### May 3

Mr. SUNG CHON HONG

Chair, Korean International School Philippines, Inc.

#### May 4

Mr. PETER D. GARRUCHO JR.

Vice Chair, Franklin Baker Company of the Philippines

#### May 5

Mr. SERGIO "Jun" R. ORTIZ-LUIS JR.

President and CEO, Philippine Exporters Confederation (PhilExport)

#### May 6

Mr. JOSE MIGUEL ALVARO "Miguel" F. CAMUS Managing Director, Aviso Valuation and Advisory Corporation

Mr. JUAN ANTONIO "Jay" H. INOCENTES

VP - Property and Casualty, Gotuaco, del Rosario Insurance Brokers, Inc.

Atty. MONICO "Nick" V. JACOB

President and CEO, STI Education Services Group

Mr. JOHN PHILIP "JP" S. ORBETA

Chief Human Resources Officer, Chief Administrative Officer and Chief Risk Officer, ACEN

#### May 8

Ms. MIGUELITA "Milit" S. BARON

President, Manila Catering Corporation

Mr. RAKESH "Rex" N. DARYANANI

President and CEO, Funtastic International Inc.

Mr. PAUL RAYMOND "Paul" FAVILA CEO, Citibank

Ms. MA. CYNTHIA C. HERNANDEZ

Executive Director, Public-Private Partnership (PPP Center)

Ms. DONNA MAY "Donna" LINA

President, UBE Media, Inc.

Ms. PATRICIA MAY "May" T. SIY

President and CEO, Philippine Bank of Communications (PBCom)

Atty. CESAR L. VILLANUEVA

Founding Partner, Villanueva Gabionza & Dy Law Offices

#### May 9

Mr. VICTOR "Junvee" L. VITAL

President and CEO, The Manor Group, Inc.

#### **May 11**

Dr. RAUL V. DESTURA

Founder and CEO, Manila HealthTek, Inc.

Ms. LOTIS C. RAMIN

Country President, AstraZeneca Pharmaceutical Philippines

#### **May 12**

Mr. ROBERTO "Bob" P. ALINGOG

President and CEO, Ropali Corporation

Ms. RACQUEL "Rac" REYES CAGURANGAN

General Manager, Operations International SOS

Ms. MA. VIRGINIA "Gina" O. CAMPOS

General Manager, Interpacific Transit, Inc.

Mr. HERMAN T. GAMBOA

Chair and CEO, Data Center Design Corporation

Mr. STEPHEN THOMAS "Tep" S. MISA

Country Head, President and Chair, Amazon Web Services Philippines Inc.

#### **May 13**

Dr. PATRICIA "Tatti" B. LICUANAN

#### **May 14**

Mr. LUIS GERARDO "Luis" A. LIMLINGAN

Managing Director, Regina Capital Development Corporation

Mr. EDUARDO LUIS "Ed" T. LUY

President and COO, MacroAsia Corporation

Mr. ERNESTO "Ernie" C. SANTIAGO

Director, St. Peter Group

#### **May 15**

Mr. ERRAMON "Montxu" I. ABOITIZ

Director, Aboitiz Equity Ventures, Inc.

Atty. RAOUL "Reggie" R. ANGANGCO

Senior Partner and ExCom Member, Villaraza & Angangco (V&A Law)

Mr. GUILLERMO "Gerry" C. CHOA

Chair, Property Company of Friends, Inc.

Dr. ARTHUR "Art" A. DE GUIA

Senior Consultant, First Philippine Holdings Corporation

Mr. ISIDRO "Sid" G. GARCIA

Chair, Trinity Insurance Brokers, Inc.

Mr. JOSEFINO "Bong" M. PALOMA

EVP- Technology, Sales and Marketing, Accent Micro Technologies, Inc. (AMTI)

Mr. RAMAMURTHY "Venkat" VENKATESH

Managing Director, Moog Controls Corporation (Phil. Branch)

# Happy Birthday!

to the following MAP members who are celebrating their birthdays within May 2023

#### **May 16**

**Mr. ANTHONY THOMAS "Tommy" C. ROXAS JR.** Finance Executive Director / CFO, Quantity Solutions Inc.

#### **May 17**

Sec. RAFAEL "Raffy" M. ALUNAN III

Independent Director, Pepsi-Cola Products Philippines, Inc. (PCPPI)

Mr. BENSON J. HARI-ONG

EVP and Head of Commercial Lending Group, Sterling Bank of Asia

Usec. CRISTINO "Tito" L. PANLILIO

President, Balibago Waterworks System

#### **May 18**

Mr. ALEXANDER "Alex" GRENZ

President and CEO, Allianz PNB Life Insurance, Inc.

Atty. JULITO "Sarge" R. SARMIENTO

President, Makilala Mining Company, Inc.

Atty. J. ANTON "Anton" YAP

President, St. Mutien College

#### **May 19**

Mr. RENATO "Bing" T. DE GUZMAN

#### May 20

Mr. JESUS CARLOS "Charlie" P. VILLASEÑOR

Chair and CEO, PASIA, TransProcure and PASIA Shared Services

#### **May 21**

Ms. LOFREDA "Dada" MASIGAN DEL CARMEN

President and CEO, Forecasting and Planning Technologies, Inc. (FPTI)

#### **May 23**

Usec. MARIA CATALINA "Cathy" ESTAMO CABRAL

Undersecretary, Department of Public Works and Highways (DPWH)

Mr. JOHN CLIFFORD "Cliff" M. EALA

President, Synerbyte Limited

#### Mr. HASSAN FARD

Chair and CEO, Trends & Technologies, Inc.

Mr. ENRIQUE "Rick" M. ZALAMEA JR.

President and Actuary, E. M. Zalamea Actuarial Services, Inc.

#### May 25

Mr. RAPHAEL "Pete" B. FELIX

President and CEO, PHINMA Property Holdings Corporation

Mr. ERIC S. LUSTRE

Head of Trust, UnionBank of the Philippines

Ms. MELANIE "Sandee" C. NG

EVP, Ng Khai Development Corporation

#### May 26

Sec. VICENTE "Vince/Vincent" S. PEREZ JR. Chair, Alternergy Holdings Corporation (AHC)

#### **May 27**

**Dr. MICHAEL "Mike" M. ALBA**President, Far Eastern University (FEU)

#### **May 28**

Mr. RICHARD GLENN "Richard" B. ARBOLEDA

Communications and Government Affairs Head, GSK PH

#### **May 29**

Mr. MICHAEL GERARD "Mike" DY ENRIOUEZ

President and Chief Investment Officer, Sun Life of Canada Philippines, Inc.

Mr. CHRISTOPHE PHILIPPE MARIE MNU "Christophe" LEJEUNE General Manager, Sika Philippines, Inc.

Ms. MARIE GRACE "Grace" TEE VERA

Country Head, MYTAXI.PH, INC. (GRAB Philippines)

#### May 30

Ms. CAROLYN "Chestnut" VASQUEZ ANDAYA

President, Automated Technologies, Inc.

Mr. BIENVENIDO "Benny" M. ARAW II Senior Consultant, EGF Advisory Services, Inc.

Atty. EMMANUEL "Noel" P. BONOAN Vice Chair and COO, KPMG R. G. Manabat & Co.

Ms. CAROLINA "Chiqui" E. GO CEO, Mansmith and Fielders, Inc.

**Capt. STANLEY "Stan" KUA NG**President and COO, Philippine Airlines (PAL)

Mr. SIMOUN S. UNG

President and CEO, OmniPay, Inc.

Ms. ANNABELLA "Annabel" S. WISNIEWSKI

President, Raintree Partners

#### May 31

Mr. PAUL RODERICK "Ricky" B. LOPEZ

VP for Sales, Ardent Networks, Inc.



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